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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
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09/371,354 08/10/99 DONOVAN

S 17310

EXAMINER

HM12/0508

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ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

1647

DATE MAILED:

05/08/01

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/371,354
09/479,252

Applicant(s)

ASHKENAZI ET AL.

Examiner

Bridget E. Bunner

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) FROM
THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 January 2001.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-36 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☒ Claims 1-36 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are objected to by the Examiner.
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).

Attachment(s)

- 15) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 16) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 17) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____
- 18) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) _____
- 19) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 20) ☐ Other:

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - A. Claims 1-3, drawn to a method for treating bradycardia comprising administration of a neurotoxin to a postganglionic parasympathetic neuron, classification dependent upon toxin.
 - B. Claims 1-2 and 4, drawn to a method for treating bradycardia comprising administration of a neurotoxin to a preganglionic parasympathetic neuron, classification dependent upon toxin.
 - C. Claims 1 and 5-6, drawn to method for treating tachycardia comprising administration of a neurotoxin to a preganglionic sympathetic neuron, classification dependent upon toxin.
 - D. Claims 7-18 and 28-36, drawn to a method for treating a cardiac muscle disorder comprising administration of botulinum toxin wherein the neurotoxin inhibits formation or release of a neurotransmitter from neurons, classified in class 424, subclass 239.1.
 - E. Claims 19-27, drawn to a method for treating cardiac arrhythmia comprising administration of an antiarrhythmic drug and administration of botulinum toxin, classified in class 424, subclass 239.1.
2. The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:
 - a. Similarly, although there are no provisions under the section for "Relationship of Inventions" in M.P.E.P. § 806.05 for inventive groups that are directed to different methods, restriction is deemed to be proper because these methods constitute patentably distinct inventions for the following reasons. Inventions A-E are different methods because they require different ingredients, process steps, and endpoints. These inventions require different ingredients and process steps to accomplish the use of a neurotoxin. Groups A-E are different methods requiring

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different method steps, wherein each is not required, one for another. For example, Group A requires search and consideration of efficacy of therapy of neurotoxin administration to or to the vicinity of a postganglionic parasympathetic neuron, which is not required by the other inventions. Group B requires search and consideration of efficacy of neurotoxin administration to or to the vicinity of a preganglionic parasympathetic neuron, which is not required by the other inventions. Group C requires search and consideration of efficacy of therapy of neurotoxin administration to or to the vicinity of a preganglionic sympathetic neuron, which is not required by the other inventions. Group D requires search and consideration of efficacy of therapy of neurotoxin administration to a cardiac muscle, which is not required by the other inventions. Group E requires search and consideration of efficacy of therapy of administration of an anti-arrhythmic drug and botulinum toxin, which is not required by the other inventions.

3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their different classification, different search, and recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

4. This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention: A method for treating a cardiac muscle disorder by administration of a neurotoxin wherein the local administration is by:

- I. intrapericardial injection
- II. cardiac catheterization

- III. sinoatrial lobe administration
- IV. iontophoretic transmyocardial administration
- V. a controlled release implant

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, claims 1-6 and 19-27 are generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

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5. This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention: A method for treating cardiac arrhythmia comprising administration of an antiarrhythmic drug and administration of botulinum toxin wherein the botulinum serotype is:

VI. A

VII. B

VIII. C1

IX. D

X. E

XI. F

XII. G

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, claims 1-18, 20-24, and 26-36 generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

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Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

If Applicant selects Inventions D or E, one species from the type of neurotoxin administration group must also be chosen to be fully responsive.

If Applicant selects Invention E, one species from the botulinum serotype group must also be chosen to be fully responsive.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bridget E. Bunner whose telephone number is (703) 305-7148. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00-5:30 M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gary Kunz can be reached on (703) 308-4623. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-4242 for regular communications and (703) 308-4242 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

Bridget E. Bunner
Art Unit 1647
May 3, 2001

Elizabeth C. Kemmerer

ELIZABETH KEMMERER
PRIMARY EXAMINER